County Facts: Harrison County, KY
Population 19,000

The Local Economy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Harrison County</th>
<th>KY</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment rate</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poverty rate</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
<td>14.6%</td>
<td>14.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median family income (000s)</td>
<td>$52</td>
<td>$46</td>
<td>$46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population growth 2000-2017</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing share of workforce</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farming share of workforce</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Recession unemployment spike (pp)</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How Local Kids' Lives Turn Out

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Harrison County</th>
<th>KY</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percent graduating any college</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>46%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent reaching upper-middle class</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent achieving American Dream</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent giving birth as a teen</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent landing in jail</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local school expenditure per student (000s)</td>
<td>$6.4</td>
<td>$6.1</td>
<td>$6.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Local Colleges and Upward Mobility

**4-Year Colleges**

- Low-income share of students: 5.6% (U of Kentucky) vs. 9.3% (Kentucky 4-year-college average) vs. 11.3% (U.S. 4-year-college average)
- Low-income student success rate: 9.8% (U of Kentucky) vs. 38.4% (Kentucky 4-year-college average) vs. 51.3% (U.S. 4-year-college average)

**2-Year Colleges**

- Low-income share of students: 11.3% (U of Kentucky) vs. 28.2% (Kentucky 2-year-college average) vs. 32.9% (U.S. 2-year-college average)
- Low-income student success rate: 15.6% (U of Kentucky) vs. 32.9% (Kentucky 2-year-college average) vs. 49.0% (U.S. 2-year-college average)

*: Data refers to the full college system, not just this campus. †: In nearby county

Local Demographics

- Percent Black: 6% (Harrison County) vs. 9% (KY) vs. 14% (United States)
- Percent Hispanic: 4% (Harrison County) vs. 3% (KY) vs. 4% (United States)
- Percent over age 65: 13.3% (Harrison County) vs. 16% (KY) vs. 21% (United States)
- Percent college grad: 15% (Harrison County) vs. 49% (KY) vs. 76% (United States)
- Crime rate (arrests per 10K residents): 49 (Harrison County) vs. 72 (KY) vs. 76 (United States)
- Opioid deaths (deaths per 10K residents): 15 (Harrison County) vs. 26 (KY) vs. 36 (United States)
Definitions and Sources

The Local Economy
- Unemployment rate (August 2018, BLS)
- Poverty rate (2012-2016 ACS)
- Median family income (2016 ACS)
- Manufacturing share of workforce (2012-2016 ACS)
- Farming share of workforce (2012-2016 ACS)
- Great Recession unemployment spike (BLS LAUS)

How Local Kids’ Lives Turn Out
- Percent graduating any college (2-yr or 4-yr, Tax Data 2, N/A for some counties)
- Percent reaching upper middle-class (top 20% of the U.S. income distribution, Tax Data 1, N/A for some counties)
- Percent achieving American Dream (share of local low-income kids—i.e. those with 25th-income-percentile parents—who reach the top 20% of the U.S. income distribution as adults, Tax Data 1, N/A for some counties)
- Percent (of local female kids) giving birth as a teen (Tax Data 1, N/A for some counties)
- Percent landing in jail (percent of local kids in jail on 1 April 2010, Tax Data 1 and 2010 Census, N/A for some counties)
- Local school expenditure per student (in public schools, NCES, N/A for some counties)

Local Colleges and Upward Mobility
- Low-income share of students (share of age-18-22 students with bottom-20% parents, Tax Data 2)
- Low-income student success rate (share of low-income age-18-22 students who reach the top 40% of the U.S. income distribution as adults, Tax Data 2)

Local Demographics
- Percent Black (2012-2016 ACS)
- Percent Hispanic (2012-2016 ACS)
- Percent over age 65 (2010 Census)
- Percent college grad (4-yr college, 2012-2016 ACS)
- Crime rate (serious violent and property arrests per 10,000 residents, FBI Uniform Crime Reports, N/A for some counties)
- Life expectancy (at age 40, Tax Data 3, N/A for some counties)
- Opioid deaths (per 10,000 residents in 2017, CDC, N/A for some counties and some counties report population weighted commuting zone average)

Sources Legend
- ACS: U.S. Census Bureau American Community Surveys, 2012-2016
- BLS LAUS: BLS Local Area Unemployment Statistics, from Yagan “Employment Hysteresis from the Great Reces-
- CDC: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics. Multiple Cause of Death 1999-2017 on CDC WONDER Online Database.
- Census: U.S. Census Bureau
- 2000 Census: U.S. Census Bureau from Bergeron-Chetty-Cutler-Scuder-Stepner-Turner “Association between In-
- FBI Uniform Crime Reports: 2000 from Bergeron-Chetty-Cutler-Scuder-Stepner-Turner “Association between In-
- NCES: National Center for Education Statistics Common Core of Data 1996-1997 Financial Survey data from
cial Mobility” 2018.
- Tax Data 2: Chetty-Friedman-Saez-Turner-Yagan “Income Segregation and Intergenerational Mobility at U.S. Col-
leges” 2018.
- Tax Data 3: Bergeron-Chetty-Cutler-Scuder-Stepner-Turner “Association between Income and Life Expectancy in